

# How to Request Swift Observations

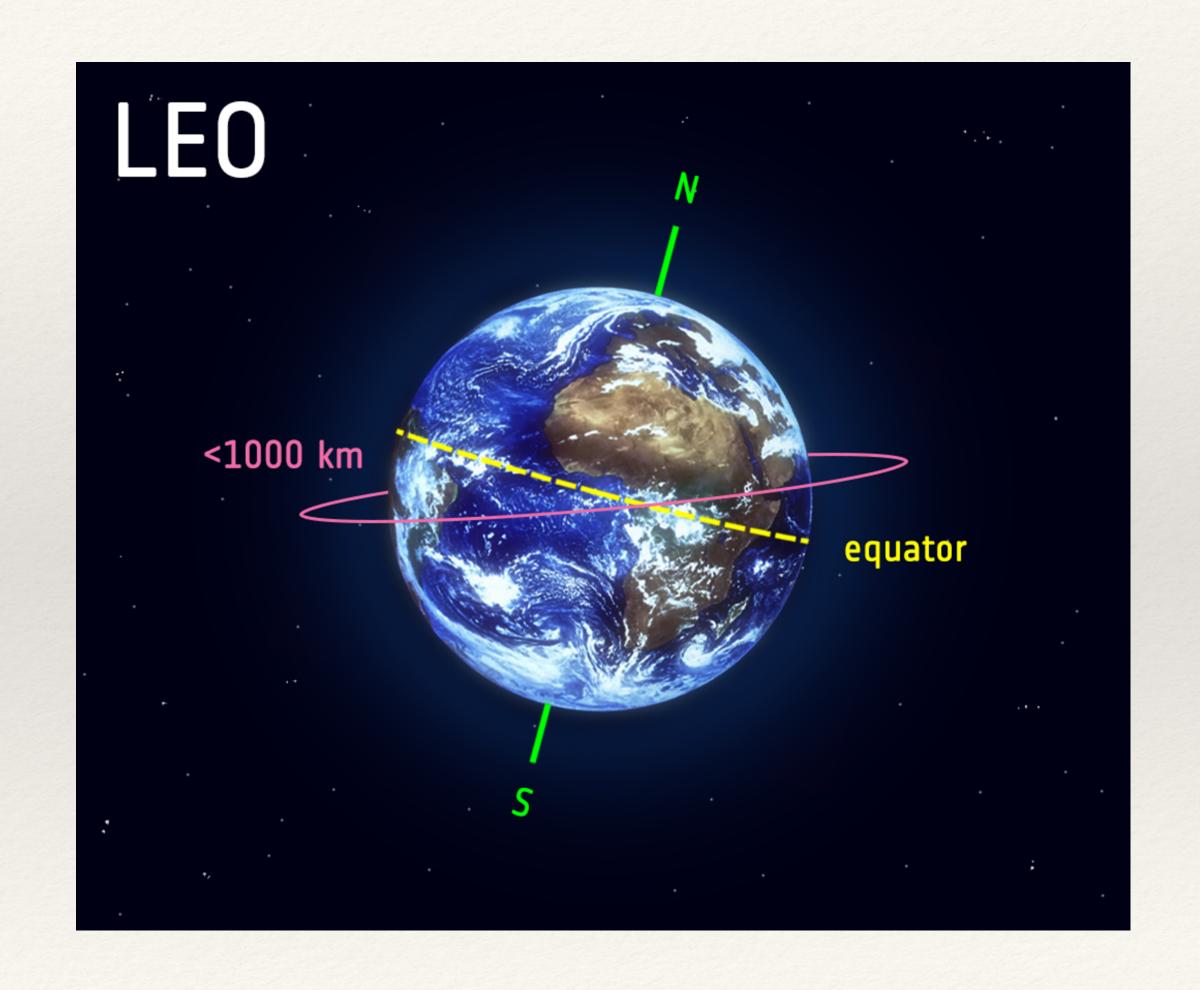
Brad Cenko NASA/GSFC 20 August 2024

### Requesting Swift Observations: A Checklist

- \* Step 1: Understand observing constraints
- \* Step 2: Define an observing program
- \* Step 3: Choose your adventure: Guest Investigator (GI) vs. Target-of-Opportunity (ToO)
- \* Step 4: Submit!
- \* Step 5: Scheduling and Archive

### Understand Observing Constraints: I

- \* Swift is in a Low-Earth Orbit (LEO): 500 km altitude, 20° inclination
- \* For instrument safety, *Swift* cannot observe locations close to the Sun (> 46°), moon (> 23°), or orbital poles (> 28° from Earth limb)
- \* Because of the orbit (and pole constraint), each location on the sky is visible for **at most** 30 minutes every ~ 90 minute orbit
  - \* Observations longer than 1.8 ks will be split into multiple segments!
  - \* There are no continuous viewing zones!
- \* Swift stops collecting science data during passages through the South Atlantic anomaly



### Understand Observing Constraints: II

- \* You can (and should) check the visibility of your favorite target!
- \* Long-term visibility calculator tells you which dates targets are visible (i.e., not in Sun and Moon constraints)
  - \* https://www.swift.ac.uk/sunpos.php
- \* Detailed visibility calculator: tells you the exact times targets are visible (i.e., Earth occultation, SAA passages; n.b., only accurate 2-3 weeks in advance!)
  - \* https://www.swift.psu.edu/operations/visibility.php

### Defining An Observing Program

- \* Where?
  - \* Target Name / Brightness
- \* When?
  - \* Observation times / durations
- \* How?
  - \* Instrument modes (UVOT filters, XRT mode, ...)
- \* Why?
  - Science Justification

UVOT SNR Tool: <a href="https://www.mssl.ucl.ac.uk/www\_astro/uvot/uvot\_observing/uvot\_tool.html">https://www.mssl.ucl.ac.uk/www\_astro/uvot/uvot\_observing/uvot\_tool.html</a>

XRT SNR Tool: <a href="https://heasarc.gsfc.nasa.gov/cgi-bin/Tools/w3pimms/w3pimms.pl">https://heasarc.gsfc.nasa.gov/cgi-bin/Tools/w3pimms/w3pimms.pl</a>



### Choose Your Adventure: GI vs. ToO

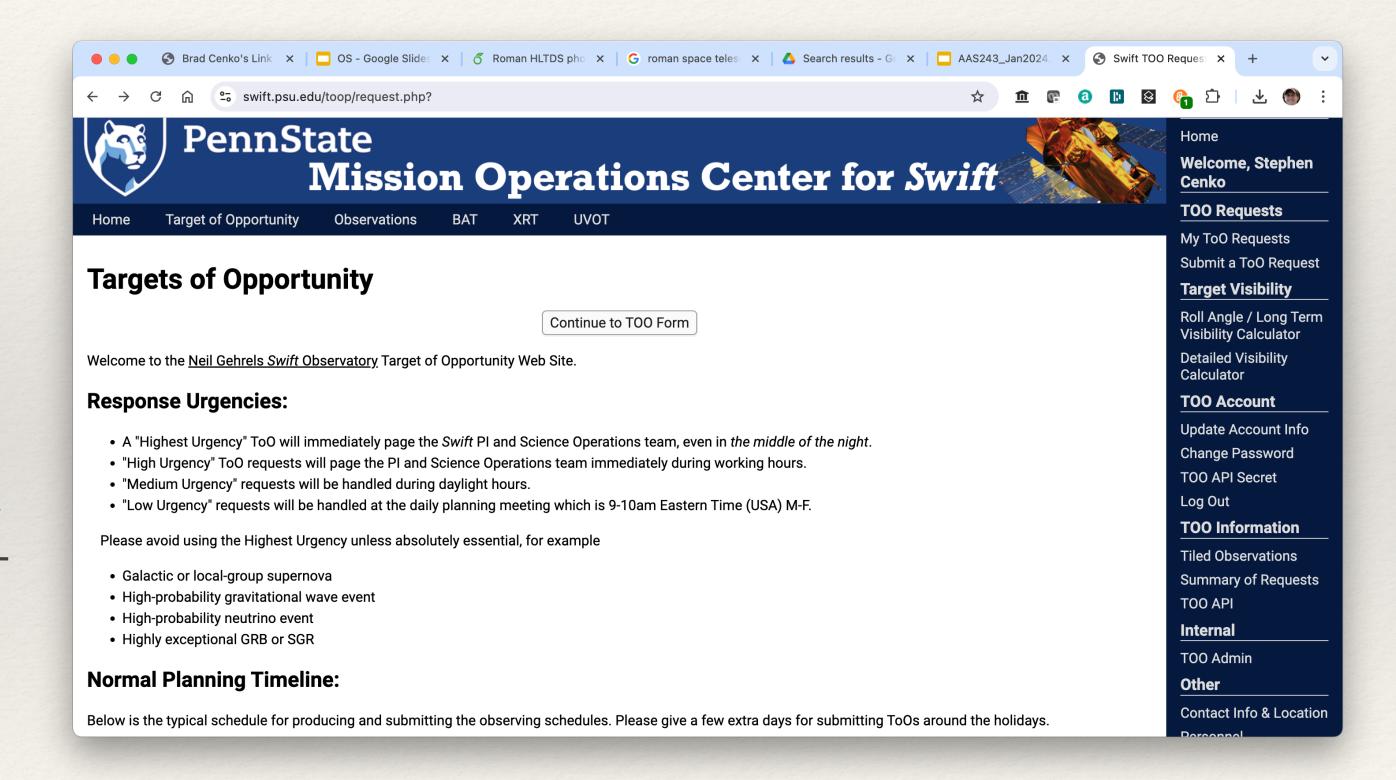
- \* Guest Investigator Program
  - \* Annual call (mid/late September)
  - \* Awards funding and observing time
  - \* Any number of targets
  - \* Up to 1 Ms of observing time (per program)

- \* Target-of-Opportunity Program
  - \* Accepted anytime
  - \* Awards only observing time
  - \* Single target (at a time)
  - \* Typically <~ 10 ks per request

Bottom Line: Use the GI Program for large samples, large amounts of observing time, and for funding to support data analysis and publication. Otherwise use ToO program (note we receive ~ 5 ToOs per day!).

### How to Submit a ToO Request: I

- \* Online webform:
  - \* https://www.swift.psu.edu/toop/ too.php
- \* ToO Python API:
  - \* https://www.swift.psu.edu/too\_api/
  - \* pip install swifttools



### How to Submit a ToO Request: II

#### **Response Urgencies:**

- A "Highest Urgency" ToO will immediately page the Swift PI and Science Operations team, even in the middle of the night.
- "High Urgency" ToO requests will page the PI and Science Operations team immediately during working hours.
- "Medium Urgency" requests will be handled during daylight hours.
- "Low Urgency" requests will be handled at the daily planning meeting which is 9-10am Eastern Time (USA) M-F.

- \* Urgency "0": Immediate (~ minutes) response. No human in the loop. Requires prior approval.
- \* Urgency 1 (Highest Urgency): Response time < 4 hours

- \* Urgency 2 (High Urgency): Response within 24 hours
- \* Urgency 3 (Medium Urgency): Response within days
- \* Urgency 4 (Low Urgency): Response within weeks

### How to Submit a ToO Request: III

#### **Normal Planning Timeline:**

Below is the typical schedule for producing and submitting the observing schedules. Please give a few extra days for submitting ToOs around the holidays.

Day of the Week	Submit the Schedule for*	Create the Schedule for
Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday
Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday
Wednesday	Thursday	Friday & Saturday
Thursday	Friday & Saturday	Sunday & Monday
Friday	Sunday & Monday	Tuesday

All times are in Eastern Time (USA).

#### **Important Notes:**

- Urgency 1 (Highest) wakes up multiple team members please use with discretion!
- Not analyzing your previous data in a timely fashion is **NOT** a justification for a high urgency request. Such requests are generally only appropriate for the first set of observations of a given source; repeat requests will generally be denied!

<sup>\*</sup>Schedules are submitted in the mornings.

### How to Submit a ToO Request: IV

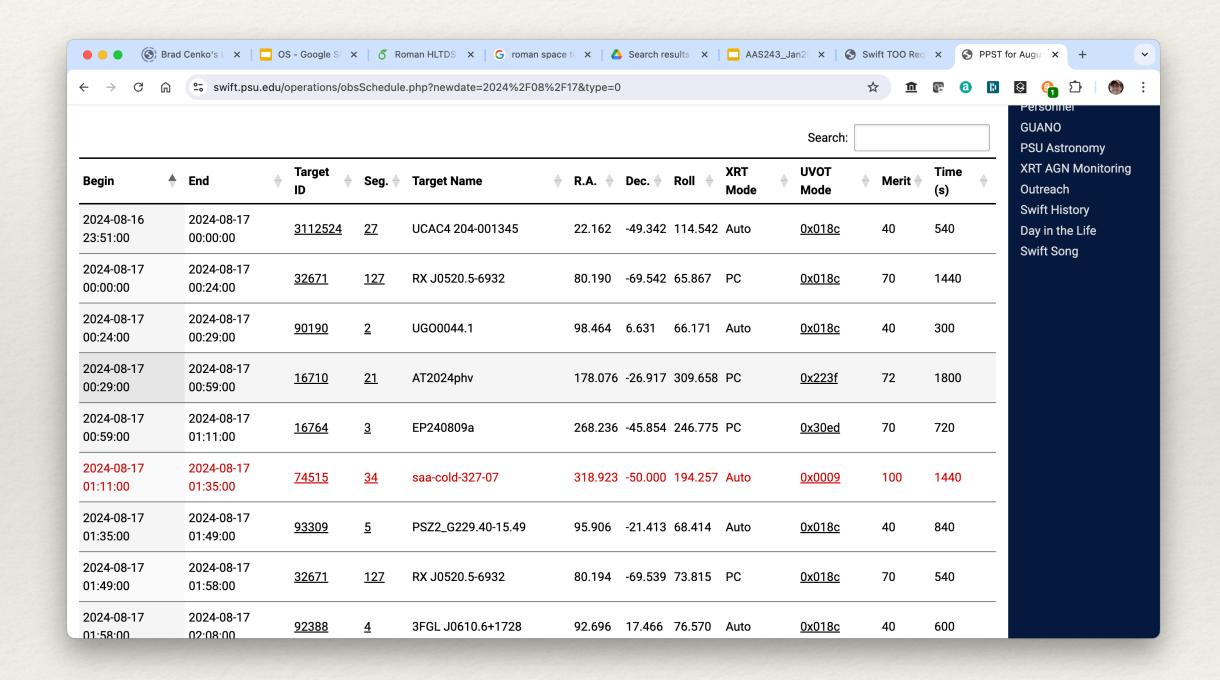
- \* Science Justification
  - \* If triggering a GI program, please just provide sufficient detail so that we know your source meets the trigger criteria (no detailed science justification is necessary)
  - \* If not triggering a GI program, please explain what we will learn from the proposed observations, not just what is being measured (i.e., we want to measure the duration of this flare because we will learn X, Y, and Z).

### How to Submit a ToO Request: V

- \* If you have a question about a ToO request (or anything else regarding the Swift schedule), send an email to: <a href="mailto:swiftods@swift.psu.edu">swiftods@swift.psu.edu</a>
  - \* This will reach the On-Duty Scientist (ODS), a rotating position that is responsible for handling incoming ToO requests

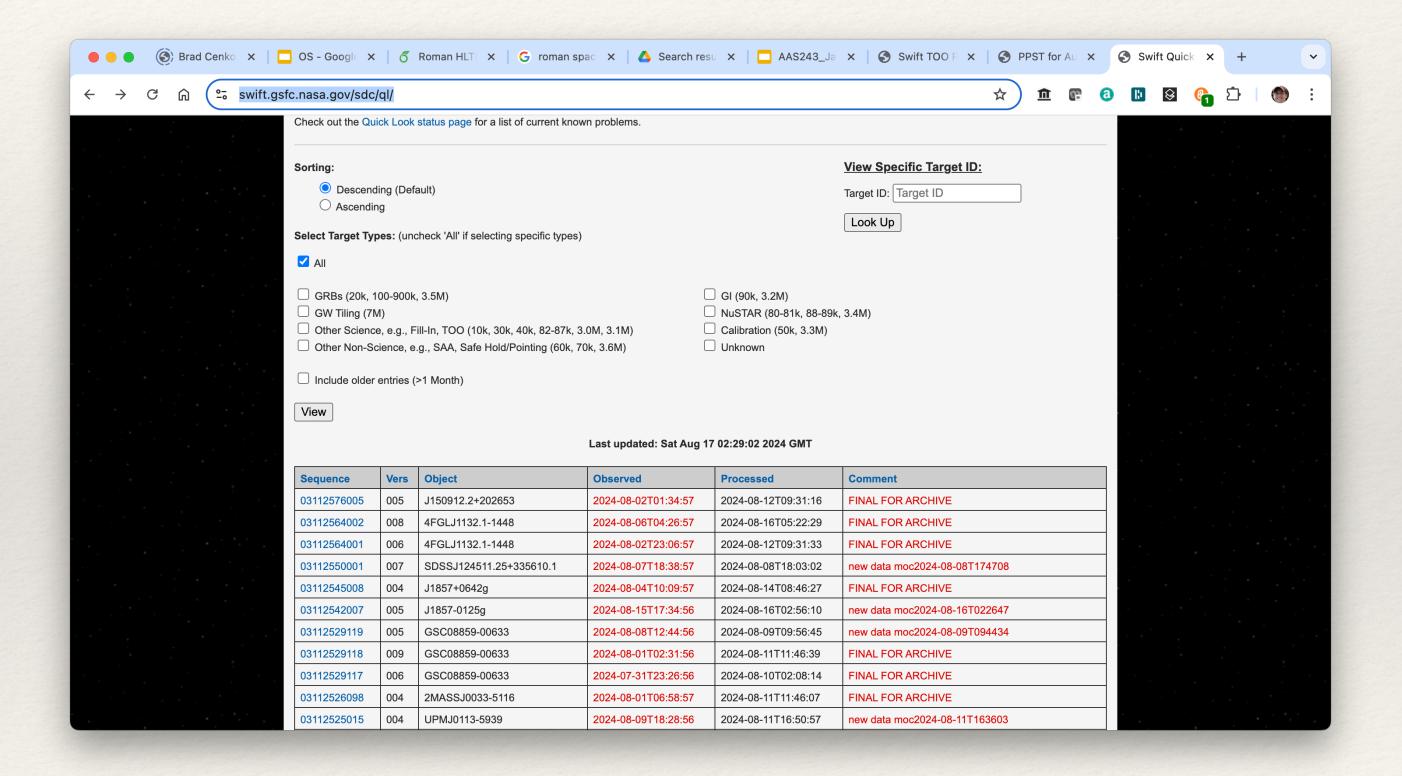
## Scheduling and Archive: I

- \* Swift has two schedules visible online and via the ToO API
  - \* Pre-Planned Science Timeline (PPST):
    The planned observing schedule
    (typically for the next 24-48 hours)
  - \* As-Flown Science Timeline (AFST): The actual sequence of observations, which may be different from the PPST due to GRBs, ToOs, etc.



## Scheduling and Archive: II

- \* All Swift data becomes public immediately
- \* Quicklook site provides fastest access to data (typically within a few hours of reaching the ground)
  - \* https://swift.gsfc.nasa.gov/sdc/ql/
- \* Swift archive houses final processing, typically 7-10 days after observations
  - https://swift.gsfc.nasa.gov/archive/



Questions?